

THE HERALD
Issued Every Thursday Morning
Edited and Published by
HENRY R. FRENCH,
To whom all communications must be
addressed, post-paid.

TERMS.

If paid strictly in ADVANCE, - \$1.75
If not paid in advance, - - - 2.00
At the end of the year, - - - - 4.50

DR. A. B. DUKE

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Georgetown and vicinity. He has removed his office to Main street between the Livery Stable and Georgetown Hotel, with Dr. Keene, where he can be found during the day; or night he can be found at the Georgetown Hotel, June 26, 1854.

TEXAS

REAL ESTATE BROKERAGE
Collecting & Land Agency.

RAYMOND, FREEMAN & CO. Attn.
NOTAT LAW, AUSTIN CITY, TEXAS. Bidders
IN TEXAS AND ELSEWHERE obtained
through this agency. FINELIX IS THE INTEREST
OF NEW INVESTMENTS. REGISTERS OF LAND FOR SALE IN
ALL PARTS OF THE STATE, FULL EXHIBITS OF TITLES AND
ACCURATE DESCRIPTIONS; ALSO REGISTERS OF TOWN AND
CITY TAXES. LANDS LOCATED, BOUGHT AND SOLD.
CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE OR INDIVIDUALS CUL-
TIVATED AND ADJUSTED, AND REMITTANCES MADE BY
EXCHANGE ON NEW ORLEANS OR ANY OF THE NORTH-
WESTERN CITIES, IF DESIRED. A THOROUGH AND INTEN-
SIVE KNOWLEDGE OF THE COUNTRY AND THE LAND
SYSTEMS INSURES SUPERIOR LOCATIONS AND THE BEST
TITLES. STRANGERS LOOKING AT TEXAS MAY AL-
WAYS HAVE THESE LOOKING ITEMS AND USEFUL
INFORMATION AT THE OFFICE OF THIS AGENCY.

Registers open for examination.
Office on Congress Avenue.
D. C. F. KIRKMAN, JR., N. C. RAYMOND, G. R.
FREEMAN.

June 26, 1854-16-16.

REVOLUTION IN TEXAS.

IT will be remembered, that, in the begin-
ning of her revolution, in 1836, Texas offered
large bounties in land to volunteers to
serve in her armies.

We can now offer, to the survivors, and
heirs of those who thus served, the recovery of
all the lands promised by the Government of
Texas. We are also prepared to prosecute all
Texas land claims regardless of date or char-
acter, whether Spanish, Mexican, or American
Bounty, State, or Land Grant. Having com-
plete access to the Master rolls, Maps, Records,
and other documents in the Public Offices of
Austin city, we enjoy superior advantages for
investigations of all kinds, in regard to claims.

We will give particular attention to the se-
curement of LANDS ILLEGALLY sold, for taxes or
otherwise, and to estates which have suffered
from inattention or mismanagement of agents
or administrators.

To persons having LAND CERTIFICATES FOR LO-
CATION, we can offer particular inducements.
Our thorough and intimate knowledge of the
various lands and surveys of these, obtained
from personal inspection, insures the most fa-
vorable locations, and perfect titles.

LOSS EXPERIENCE, and close attention to the
LAND SYSTEM, and an extensive knowledge of
the different classes of titles, together with the
large amount of land registered in our office
for sale, enables us to furnish prompt and re-
liable information, and assistance to persons
desiring good homes, and in afford favorable ad-
vantages to those wishing to make safe and
remunerative investments.

We are offering FOR SALE LANDS in every part
of the state—improved and unimproved, of
every variety, and in tracts to suit purchasers;
also town and city lots—in short every kind of
real estate on the most favorable terms.

To persons having land for sale, we
would say, that we keep books, in which are
registered descriptions (published by this owner,
or obtained by personal inspection) and full
exhibits of title, &c., of all titles to be sold, thus
furnishing a cheap and effective mode of adver-
tisement. If desired, we will examine land in
any part of the state, ascertain its value, and re-
port faithfully. Registering for one dollar.

We invite the attention of MERCANTILE
BUSINESSES, and individuals to our office for fur-
nishing a speedy and effective mode of collect-
ing.

By activity, energy, and fidelity to the in-
terests of our employers we hope to merit the
confidence of the business public.

Office on Congress Avenue.

RAYMOND, FREEMAN, & CO.

June 26, 1854-16-16.

DAGUERREOTYPES.

BANCROFT & BRO.

HAVE opened a splendid Gallery, where
they will be happy to take pictures upon
PURE SILVER!

almost as large as life, and quite as natural.—

If people wish pictures taken earlier and beau-
tiful they can do better in any place than
they can now do in Georgetown. All pictures
are warranted in every way that a reasonable
community can ask.

PRICES ARE NOW REDUCED:

From Ten to Thirty per cent, lower than they
have ever been in this place.

We have a splendid stock of

LOCKETS!

and

FANCY CASES.

CALL AND SEE!

April 27, 1854-16-16.

G. E. PREWITT,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

GEORGETOWN, KY.

RESPECTFULLY solicits business in the

Courts of Scott and adjoining counties.

Special attention will be given to collection of debts.

Orrins on Main street, over the stars occupied

by Judge Stevenson.

July 29, 1854-16-16.

Lithography and Engraving.

MIDDLETON, WALLACE & CO.,

No. 115 Walnut Street

CINCINNATI.

MAPS, BONDS, CERTIFICATES

VIEWS, PORTRAITS, CARDS, &c.

ENGRAVED AND PRINTED IN THE

BEST STYLE, AND ON SHORT

NOTICE.

ORDERS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

N. B. 150 Steel Plates on hand for Magazine,

Books &c., impressions from which we

will supply on reasonable terms.

Sept. 21, 1854-16-16.

GEORGETOWN HERALD.

The Press is for the diffusion of Knowledge: to accomplish its Mission it must be free from all despotism of Party or Prejudice.

VOLUME X.—No. 38:

SCOTT COUNTY, KENTUCKY, NOVEMBER 30, 1854.

WHOLE NUMBER 506.

PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT
or
GEORGETOWN COLLEGE,
WILL OPEN ON THE
MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER NEXT.

N. B. WALLER, A. M., Principal.

THE services of Mr. Waller have been permanently secured. He brings with him a reputation as an accomplished and successful Instructor of youth, warranting the belief that no institution can surpass this in all that is necessary to prepare young men for College, most thoroughly or to lay the foundation for substantial and well ordered education.

Term begins on 5 months—in advance
Tuition in Primary Department, \$10.00
in Higher Branches, \$15.00
Additional charges for fuel, &c., \$1.00
Presentation to the Principal or the Treasurer of the College. P. C. McALLA,
Aug. 18-1853.

GEORGETOWN COLLEGE,
KENTUCKY.

THIS Institution occupies a high rank among Western Colleges. Its Library, Cabinet, Museum, and apparatus are unsurpassed. Its literary course is the same as that of Yale College, while its scientific course embraces all the best portions of the course at West Point.

This young man designed for practical business there is a course of three years in which a thorough knowledge is imparted in Agricultural Chemistry, Physiology, Zoology, Practical Engineering, Principles of Commerce, and Book Keeping. In this practical feature the College is believed to be unequalled. It high aim is to furnish American scholars, and American business men. The rapidly increasing number of Students in attendance is proof of its high rank and efficiency.

This school of learning is no mere experiment, whose permanence is doubtful, and whose diploma is therefore of uncertain value. It is in a position to exercise and maintain a wholesome discipline without the expense of punishment; and to require of its students every thing scholarly and manly in their deportment. It has boarding arrangements adapted to all classes of students; and are adjusted so as to avoid the dangers inseparable from the practice of overcrowding 100 or 200 young men into one building. Students for the ministry can board for about \$40 per College year.

Others know good mortuaries, for about \$65 or 70; while those who may prefer boarding in private families can do so from \$80 to 100. No student is allowed to board in any family but such as the Faculty shall approve, and a strict but kind supervision is exercised by the Faculty over every student wherever he may board.

The scholastic year is divided into two sessions. The first commences on the third Monday in September; the second, on the first Monday in February.

COMMENCEMENT DAY.

Occurs on the last Thursday in June. Term \$10 per session.

The annual catalogue may be had by application to the President, Rev. D. R. Chapman, L. D. S. F. GANO.

Secretary of the Board of Trustees.

Sept. 16, 1852-16-16.

LIVER COMPLAINT.

Dyspepsia.

JAUNDICE,

CHRONIC OR NERVOUS DE-

FLICKER, DISEASE OF THE

KIDNEYS, AND ALL DISEASES

ARISING FROM A DIAB-

DERED LIVER OR STOMACH;

Such as Consumption, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood in the Head, Acidity on the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Digest for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sharp Cramps, Sinking or Flitting of the Pit of the Stomach, Swelling of the Head, Hurt and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dot and Web before the eyes, Vertigo, and Dul Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin, Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flashes of Heat Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginations of the mind, Great Depression of Spirits.

To remove these symptoms, we would say, that we keep books, published by this owner, or obtained by personal inspection, and full exhibits of title, &c., of all titles to be sold, thus furnishing a cheap and effective mode of advertisement.

If desired, we will examine land in any part of the state, ascertain its value, and report faithfully. Registering for one dollar.

We invite the attention of MERCANTILE

BUSINESSES, and individuals to our office for furnishing a speedy and effective mode of collecting.

By activity, energy, and fidelity to the interests of our employers we hope to merit the confidence of the business public.

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Sept. 21, 1854-16-16.

MIDDLETON, WALLACE & CO.,

No. 115 Walnut

WE MIGHT HAVE BEEN.
We might have been these the last summer
words.
And yet they make the sum of life's bewailing.
They're the who of those fine chords,
Whose music we deplore, when awaking.
"WE MIGHT HAVE BEEN."
Life however no like misery,—the rest,
Are single sorrows; but in this are intended
All considerations that disturb the bosom—
The light that was once liveliness is ended,
And left us—
WE MIGHT HAVE BEEN.

HONORABLE. How much of the full heart must
have been lost in that single day,
A sealed book, whose tutelary tremble,
A still voice comes out our misery—
The world is here, because it makes despicable.
"WE MIGHT HAVE BEEN."

For the Herald.

THE HANOVERIAN. Nov. 17th, 1854.
Many thanks, Mr. French, for the in-
ver your, as you subscriber to the "Mas-
sachusetts Spy," my better half, (through
Swedenborgian). I have had an
extensive assortment of the writings of
the founders of this new faith. It will be
doubtful if you will know them
several, as you evidently confess their par-
ticularity, for your religious tenets, for though
we are a religious body, disconveniences
the **universal** peace of all by its influence
any in think with us, yet it is a
great pleasure to find those whose good
sense, and discriminating understanding
cannot easily the forcible truths of the
doctrine of the New Church. I only re-
quest that the circulation of these truths
not be discontinued in our good State,
for there is little doubt, that all reflecting
if but ordinarily intelligent men, if better
informed, would readily perceive the
great superiority of precept, principle and
plan combined, in the formation, emula-
tion, and exposition of Swedenborgianism,
over all other orders of religious faith.
Whu, to examine the explanation and
disposition made of all the mighty scrip-
tural mysteries, that have for ages puzzled
the best and most orthodox exponents
of the gospel, can fail to be entirely
satisfied of the validity of the basis of the
faith introduced by Emanuel Sweden-
borg. Is not all under comprehensible to
even the juvenile mind? Instead of the
darkness—the yoked, blinded and generally
improved upon by formerly adopted fallacies there breaks in, under the in-
fluence of these teachings, a new and al-
most bewildering flight of knowledge, and
we begin to understand much that has been
fore told hid in our angle. We are then
enabled, to acquire, for many, impulses
excited within us, which before have been
neglected in observation, either for the
purpose of cultivation or correction, as
judgment decided. In short, much of the
natural man sinks as it were in abas-
ement, from the presence of such light in
the mind, thus making way for the rise
and progress of the spiritual in its stand.

Why, Mr. French, do you not occa-
sionally give us, in your excellent paper,
your sentiments on the subject? A mind
and pen like yours might do much to-
wards the advancement of the light of
knowledge—of truth. It may be that on
your individual exertion depends much
of the good our doctrine is to effect,
at least 'tis certainly in your power to
do much, and as we know not what a
day may bring forth, each one wasted by
those who are capable of action carries
into the past his own irrevocable oppor-
tunities and undischarged responsibilities,
at least we ought all to labor in efforts for
good, believing that *perseverance et labor*,
succedit manu. Yours &c.

AMIE ATTWOOD.

For the Herald.

MA. FRENCH:

The adjoining extracton
contains most wholesome counsel to those
who are prone to dwelling upon their
cares and trials, more than their blessings,
of whom no doubt there are many
among your readers, and for such I have
selected this, begging your acceptance of
it in the hope that it may be efficacious in
carrying conviction of error, and counsel
to avert to all of this class, which com-
prises *too many*; for few of us re-
alized His blessings until deprived of
them, when the proper season for their
enjoyment and appreciation has passed
forever.

Would that all such sufferers could be
aroused to an estimation of their comfort
rather than discontent. But such is hu-
man nature. Gravity predominates over
mirth, and the world is full of gloomy
sights of the future. Few so happily disposed,
as to try to get a finger through the
cloud to the sun shine through. Few
can subscribe to the sentiment of him
who prayed that he have neither poverty
nor wealth, nor, and feed me with
food convenient for me. But I have
degraded from my purpose in addressing
you, the subject which reads thus—

"Let not the winter of life come
upon you, all whoe shall I send you?"

Live as that good angel may protect
you from this terrible evil—the winter of
this world. You are now and will
be.

Let no chilling influence freeze up the
fountains of sympathy and happiness in
the withered hopes, like snow on the
faded flowers; or ruda bluse of discontent
moan and shriek through her desolate
chamber.

Your life-path may lead you amid trials,
which for a time seem utterly to impede
your progress, and stin out the very light
of heaven from your anxious gaze.

Poverty may take the place of ease and
plenty, your luxurious home may be ex-
changed for a simple, lowly room—the
soft couch for the snow pallet—the rich

waids for the coarse food of the poor.
Summer friends may forsake you, and
the declining world pass you by with
scarcely a look of regard or compassion.
You may be forced to tell nearly steadily
to earn a living; you may encounter fraud and the base aversion which
would abhor the last failing, till you well
nigh wish to forget your hollow being.

Doubt may severally distract you, that
bind you to earth, and leave you in foul
darkness. "There is nothing, manly boy,
the value of your declining years may be
languor from your failing health, which even
the shadow of the tomb cannot wholly
subdue.

But amid all this, survivors, do not
come to the conclusion that nobly, as
ever so deeply afflicted as you are, and
without every two-tenths portion of "better
days" in the unknown future.

Do not lose your faith in human ex-
cellence, because your confidence has some-
times been betrayed, nor believe that
friendship is only a fiction, and love a
bright phantom which, miles away from
your grasp.

Do not think that you are bound to be
misgoverned because you are disappointed in
your expectations, and baffled in your
purposes. Do not declare that God has
 forsaken you, when your way is "brought
down with thorns," or repined sinfully as
he calls your duty, gives up the hand and
leaves the grave.

Keep a holy trust in heaven through
every tributary adversity with fortitude,
and look upward in hours of temptation
and suffering. When your locks are
white, your eyes dim, and your limbs
worn, when your steps falter on the verge
of Death's gloomy vale, still retain the
freshness and buoyancy of spirit, which
will shield you from the winter of the
heart.

AMIE ATTWOOD.

From the Washington Union.

More of the BEAUTIES of KNOW-NOTHINGISM.—In a country where freedom of
speech and of the press are not only toler-
ated, but are expressly guaranteed, al-
though imposed upon us by formerly adop-
ted fallacies there breaks in, under the in-
fluence of these teachings, a new and al-
most bewildering flight of knowledge, and
we begin to understand much that has been
fore told hid in our angle. We are then
enabled, to acquire, for many, impulses
excited within us, which before have been
neglected in observation, either for the
purpose of cultivation or correction, as
judgment decided. In short, much of the
natural man sinks as it were in abas-
ement, from the presence of such light in
the mind, thus making way for the rise
and progress of the spiritual in its stand.

The treaty is to be signed by all the
Chiefs, and they are to receive a pension,
which comes with the death of the recipi-
ent, with the exception of the pension to be
paid to the King, which is to be trans-
ferred to Alexander in case he should
survive his Majesty. It is understood the
whole amount to be paid in pensions will be
somewhere from three to four hundred
thousand dollars per annum.

The property belonging to the present
Government of the Islands is to be pur-
chased outright by our Government for a
fixed sum.

The above intelligence may be relied
upon as correct, as they come from the
highest authority.

In justice to the organ of the sons of
Temperance, we publish the conclu-
sion of an editorial article in that paper
of the 24th inst; upon which we have
taken the liberty of making some com-
ments for withholding our names as
members of the *Farming* Order, of the
Sons of the Sons of Seventy six from the
public: Therefore,

Resolved, That the injunction of se-
crecy be and is hereby, removed from all
who are prone to dwelling upon their
cures and trials, more than their bless-
ings; of whom no doubt there are many
among your readers, and for such I have
selected this, begging your acceptance of
it in the hope that it may be efficacious in
carrying conviction of error, and counsel
to avert to all of this class, which com-
prises *too many*; for few of us re-
alized His blessings until deprived of
them, when the proper season for their
enjoyment and appreciation has passed
forever.

A singular marriage contract.
We hold the Atlanta (Ga.) Intelligenc-
er responsible for the following:

How THEY MARRY IN TENNESSEE.—We
heard the other day from a personal ac-
quaintance of the parties, of a rather sin-
gular marriage contract which was a few
days since entered into in Tennessee.
This wife was worth a cool fifty thousand.
Her husband was the rightful owner of a
magnificent goato. The contract was as
follows: *do I make it?*

Article 1st. The husband is to have no
interest in this wife's estate.

Article 2d. He is not to collect any
debts of the concern.

Article 3d. The beloved husband is
not to chuse or control any of her ser-
vants without the wife's consent.

Article 4th. The husband binds him-
self to pay the wife one hundred and fifty
dollars per annum for board and to have
his lodgings gratis.

If the cradle is woman's ballot
box.—[Exchange.]

Yes, and some of them deposit in
two ballots at once. Now isn't
that illegal? Say?

The Priocutor Kentuckian is in-
formed that there are thirteen Know-

"Who, Oh, Tell me Why?"
At the recent big Democratic Mass-
Meeting at Lexington, although a
long string of resolutions were adopt-
ed, not one word was said about Secret
Societies, Religious Proscription,
or the Naturalization Laws.

Have the Democracy of Kentucky,
after all their fuming and bemoaning
on the subject, gone over to the
Know-Nothings?

JOURNAL OF WEDNESDAY.

"Why?" For the very plain reason
that the Democracy of Fayette,
and the city of Lexington, had but a
few weeks previous to this meeting,
held special meetings to repudiate
secret political societies, and the
Know-Nothings in particular.

Do not lose your faith in human ex-
cellence, because your confidence has some-
times been betrayed, nor believe that
friendship is only a fiction, and love a
bright phantom which, miles away from
your grasp.

Again—every Democratic paper
in the State of Kentucky has prompt-
ly repudiated and zealously opposed
Know Nothingism, whilst the entire
Whig press of the State, except the
Paducah Journal, have been passive
on the subject, and cunningly winked
at Know Nothingism into what of
vitality and standing it has.

Now, friend McCarty, "Why, O,
tell me why" is it, that not one Whig
meeting in the State of Kentucky,
and but one Whig press has repudiated
Secret Political Societies, and the
Know Nothings in particular.

Democrat.

THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.—There are

twelve islands in the Hawaiian group,
eight of them inhabited—containing 6,
100 square miles. They lie between 18
deg. 50 min. and 22 deg. 20 min. north
latitude, and 154 deg. 55 min., and 160
deg. 10 min., longitude west from Green-
wich. The production of the different
islands depend upon position and elevation
above the sea. All the tropical fruits
and plants, either indigenous or introduc-
ed from abroad, are abundant. On Ha-
waii Kona, and some parts of Maui,
wheat, Irish potatoes, peaches, strawber-
ries, &c., of a fine quality, are easily
raised. Grapes abound, but the manu-
facture of wine is prohibited. Sugar and
coffee are likely to be the great staples of
the islands. The plantations are generally
worked by Chinese coolies, who are
employed at the rate of three dollars per
month in China, and bound to service for
a special term of years. The indigo
plant grows wild in the greatest profusion
almost everywhere, nod is as much a nuisance
as the Jamestown (ginger) weed in Virginia.

The climate of the Islands is mild and
comparatively uniform. The ordinary
yearly range at Honolulu is 20 deg., the
extremes being 65 and 85, Fahrenheit.
The mean temperature during the last
year was 75.

WHERE IS BARNUM?—A friend of
ours on a recent Eastern tour trav-
eled with the sheriff of Milwaukee.—

He is 28 years old, wears a mous-
tache and weighs 44 pounds. The
heaviest weight he ever attained was

46 pounds. We have some droll news
about him. He is a sheriff, and does not
quite come down to the Milwaukee man.—
Lou. Jour.

SUPERIOR SCOTT FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned wishing to remote from
this State, offers for sale his farm con-
sisting of

270 Acres of first rate Land.

[100 acres in timber] lying on the Ge-
orge and South Elkhorn Turnpike, about 6
miles south of Georgetown, and within 800
yards of Payne's Depot, on the Lexington and
Louisville railroad. The balance in a fine
state of cultivation. The improvements are a

Comfortable Cottage Building,
well watered, and a fine young ORCHARD,
bedded with Orange Orange.

Persons wishing to buy would do well to
call and examine the premises, as I am deter-
mined to sell.

JOHN A. WILSON.

Nov. 23, 1854-37-1.

Statesman copy until forbid and charge
this office.

LOW PRICED PIANO FORTES.

DURING the past three weeks, we have opened a large num-
ber of Piano Fortes made to or
especially for this market. They are in
neat rosewood cases, musical 6 octaves, made
in the most substantial manner, and of the best
seasoned materials. The tone, especially, is
of such a quality, that purchasers need have no
fear of their becoming harsh or wiry after
two or three years use. In fact we have no
hesitation in warranting them for five years,
or even ten if desired. Moreover, we will sell
these desirable instruments at from \$200 to
\$250, which is at least 10 per cent. less than is
usually demanded for pianos of inferior quality.

Remember our warehouses are No. 78 West
Fourth street. **COLBURN & FIELD.**
Agents for Prince & Co.'s Metodome.

Nov. 23, 1854-37-1.

SCOTT FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber desires to sell his
farm, lying one mile south east of
Georgetown, on the Lemon's Mill
Turnpike, containing about

Three Hundred and Fifty Acres.

In point of location, soil, state of cultivation,
shape and improvement, it is believed that
there are but few farms in Kentucky now offered
for sale equal to it. It has abundance
of water for stock and domestic purposes with-
out being cut by a creek or branch, and has
an abundance of

During my absence it will be shown to
those wishing to see it by my overseer Mr.
Hastford, or by my brother, Dr. W. A. Smith,
the latter of whom is fully authorized to sell.

D. H. SMITH.

Lex. Observer and Paris Citizen copy
three times and charge Herald.

Oct. 26, 1854-37-1.

A. W. FORWARD.

W. H. KEENE,
[Successor of Brown & Sayes.]

WHOLE-SALE & RETAIL

**GROCERIES, FOREIGN AND DO-
MESTIC LIQUORS & C.**

Cor. St. Clair & Wapping Sts.

FRANKFORT, KY.

Oct. 12, 1854-37-1.

THE HERALD

"Time, Faith and Energy."

HENRY R. FRENCH, EDITOR

GEORGETOWN:

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1854

J. W. WARREN, town, paid to No 35, vol.

11

David K. Gorham, Little Eagle, paid [B

N] to No 1, vol 11

M Delaney, White Sulphur, paid to

No. 26, vol 11

Dr. James Williams, Batoo Rouge, paid

to No 30, vol 10

Burglars About.

Last week the houses of Messrs. Mitchell and Smith, were entered or attempted to be entered for the purpose of plunder. In the first instance they were frightened off without having effected their purpose, in the second, we understand, they succeeded in securing about \$40. On Friday night these persevering gentlemen entered the store of our young friend Ed. Applegate, by breaking open a side door, after which they cut a way into his money drawer from which they extorted some twelve or fifteen dollars partly in silver. We understand that one of the parties annoyed in this way, asserts that there are three men engaged in this nefarious business, and the probability is, from their evident familiarity with localities, circumstances, &c., that they are not entire strangers in this community. As our 'penny wise and pound foolish' Board of Trustees, have altogether dispensed, with a night watch, it behoves those who have anything to tempt burglars to be on their guard. So far as we are personally concerned, we have no uneasiness. Our money and valuables are like the scriptural definition of faith, 'the substance of things hoped for; the evidence of things unseen;' but our bairns of compassion yearn over our richer and therefore more unfortunate fellow citizens. By the bye, as the Board of Trustees, from prudential considerations, refuse to employ a night watch, would it not be advisable for the tax payers of the town to form themselves into an association for the protection of the interests of each other, at least until the present efficient Board of Trustees goes out of office or a competent night watch is appointed? If need be, we can show that this course on the part of our unofficial fellow citizens is essentially necessary.

Winchester Chronicle.

The first number of the above named journal, edited by R. S. Williams, Esq., has been received and is cordially welcomed to an exchange, not only because of its intrinsic merit, but also in consideration of the high compliment paid us by its talented editor. 'General' H. R. French and 'President of the ugly Club,' verily, 'Honora are easy' in the good old county of Clark; while indignantly repudiating such wretched undeserved honors, we cordially extend the right of fellowship to our esteemed and talented now contemporary.

Speculators and others have a fine opportunity to buy good land and likely negroes; for information as to the whereabout, see the advertisements of Massa Reason Soward and Beverley Brantham

In another column we publish a list of the principal publications of Messrs. Fowlers & Wells, the publishers of those valuable periodicals, 'The Water Cure Journal,' 'The Phrenological Journal,' &c. The works advertised would grace the library of any gentleman, professional or otherwise, afford much useful information, which, if properly applied by the individual purchasing, might save many a heavy bill from the so-called 'regular profession.' The series is very cheap, complete in its character and should be secured by every man who properly appreciates the system of healing taught in a plain, practical and familiar manner in the various water cure works published by Messrs. Fowlers & Wells. Single works may be obtained through the mail, at the price fixed in the advertisement.

Hon. B. L. CLARKE.—Some time ago, we introduced the name of the gentleman at the head of this note as a proper one to be placed on the Democratic ticket for Governor. It may not accord with his views or conveniences, and, indeed he may not be the choice of the party. Be those things as they may, we can say with confidence that there is no man in the State who would make a more vigorous candidate than the Hon. B. L. Clarke—nor one better calculated to rouse up the party and bring the voters to the polls. He is a thorough, uncompromising Democrat, and a powerful debator.—[Henderson Reporter.]

This is the gentleman, we believe, who, a few years ago proved himself a clear case of unfeigned depravity took place in our village some days ago. The parties were from Pike, originally, and it was fun to see their way of doing the matter up. The woman has a husband living in town, who expressed his unwillingness with regard to the proceedings by clinging to her dress. The honks gave way, and the fair damsel went out of the village in her petticoats.—Exchange.

ARKANSAS U. S. SENATOR.—Hon. R. W. Johnson has been elected to the Senate of the United States by the unanimous vote of both houses of the Arkansas Legislature. Mr. Johnson is a man of talents. He represented his State in the lower house of Congress for a number of years with distinguished ability.

The Mormons at St. Louis number 1800; they lately met and a vote was taken which was unanimous, to sustain Brigham Young as the Prophet, Seer, Revelator, and President of C. of J. C. L. S. throughout the whole earth.

Know Nothing to Cont.

Advocates of thisism may profit by the perusal of an article on the first page in which an honest and veracious Know Nothing appears as a witness in a Court of Justice, on a trial for rape, in which an unfortunate foreigner appears as defendant. It would seem, that the odds in favor of this society, are very similar to the 'higher law' of Seward and his clan, and altogether override, in their opinion, the constitution and laws of our common country. This kind of a society may anti Northern Friends and Abolitionists but it is not well adapted to suit the meridian of Kentucky, where the great mass of the people are neither bigots or fanatics; and repudiate any and all attempts at proscription for religious faith, political opinion or the accidents of birth. Read the article, if you wish fully to appreciate that Know Nothing creed.

Richard H. Hansen, Esq.

Prosecuting Attorney in the Ninth Judicial District, (says the Cynthiana News) resigned that office at this term of our Circuit Court, to take effect on the 4th of December, 1854.

Mr. Hansen is a gentleman for whom we have a high regard, not only for his social qualities, but for the talent and energy he has exhibited whilst the incubant of the responsible office of Prosecuting Attorney. If an individual transgressed the laws of our Commonwealth, and was detected and brought to justice, the Prosecuting Attorney in the Ninth Judicial District shrank not from his duty, whether the criminal was friend or foe. Richard Hansen has filled this office better than two years, and he has always been at his post, unless prevented by sickness. He retire now with honor and credit to himself and the Bar; and, we regret with his friends, the loss of so efficient an officer. Success to him wherever he may go.

We understand that L. B. Dickerson, Esq., of Scott Co., will fill the expired term of Prosecuting Attorney, by appointment from Judge Duval.

COL. C. M. CLAY.

This gentleman, in connection with some other Kentucky gentleman, has established a Banking House in Cincinnati, which, even during the crash of Banks and wreck of Brokers, commands public confidence almost to an unlimited extent.

Proof positive of the universal acknowledgment of his sterling integrity and high-toned honor. Col. Clay is not popular in this State, because, of his advocacy of unpopular views; but rarely are men endowed with a nobler spirit than he, gifted with a superior intellect and all the virtues of a philanthropist and patriot, we could have wished that he might have remained in his native state, to become one of its brightest ornaments; but as 'Our Populi' have long since decided otherwise, and we patriotically submit although not altogether approving, all that we can say for him now, is, that, in his present pursuit we trust that he may meet with that success which his noble qualities of head and heart so richly merit.

Life after Freezing.—It is said that the scientific men of France are at present speculating on a recent instance of a young man brought to life after being frozen eleven months in the Alps. The blood of a living man was infused into the veins of the frozen youth, and he moved and spoke. The experiment was afterwards tried on a hare, frozen for the purpose, with complete success.

Masons Must Not Fight.—According to the *Masonic Register*, the following resolution has passed the Grand Lodge of California.

Resolved. That the practice of duelling is repugnant to the principles of Freemasonry, and in all cases where the brethren resort to this mode of settling their disputes, it becomes the duty of the Lodge or Lodges of which they are members, or under whose jurisdiction they may be, forthwith to expel them from all the rights and privileges of Masonry, subject to the confirmation of the Grand Lodge; and no brother who may fall in a duel shall be buried with Masonic honors.

ELOPMENT.—Strange as it may seem, a clear case of unfeigned depravity took place in our village some days ago. The parties were from Pike, originally, and it was fun to see their way of doing the matter up. The woman has a husband living in town, who expressed his unwillingness with regard to the proceedings by clinging to her dress. The honks gave way, and the fair damsel went out of the village in her petticoats.—Exchange.

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—The publishers of the Mayaville Express, contemplate starting, about the 1st of January, a paper, devoted exclusively to agriculture, in its various departments, and kindred subjects. There is now, no agricultural paper in the State. A good one, we have no doubt, would receive a liberal support. We trust the enterprise may prove successful.

The editorial management, it is said will be in the hands of a gentleman of experience and ability.

—A dispatch in the New York Herald, dated the 26th, states that a national convention of Know Nothings met, in Cincinnati, on that day, and that twenty eight states (California among the number) were represented. It states also, that a candidate for the Presidency was to be selected, and that Sam. Houston of Texas, Jacob Brown of Pennsylvania and Millard Fillmore of New York, were the three prominent competitors.

—The editor of the Georgetown Herald has been visiting a malarial spinet, and drank several large goblets of the water. His stomach must have been highly astonished at the introduction of any kind of water into it.—Times.

—Our stomach was highly astonished at our ridiculous error,—as much so, almost as were the readers of the Times, when the affected factious stomach of its junior editor committed the ridiculous error of rejecting a certain position Democratic spirit!

Dr. Newland, Treasurer of Indiana, advertises in the Indianapolis papers that he will receive in payment for revenue for 1854, gold and silver coin, the notes of the State Bank of Indiana, and of the specie-paying True Banks of the State. Also, the notes of the solvent specie-paying banks of Kentucky, Ohio and Missouri, that are at par in Indianapolis.

There is quite a schism among the Baptists of New York. The translation of the Bible has been a bone of contention among them for some time. It seems the majority are satisfied with the present version, but the learned portion denounce it as full of errors. The most material point between them is that those in favor of a new version insist the word 'Baptism' should, in every instance, have been rendered 'immersion.'

They have at length brought their differences before the courts —

—We find in our exchange the following caution:

The Masonic Fraternity and the public generally, are contumacious against a man calling himself Richard Henry Lee, who says he was a chaplain at Fort Leavenworth, Texas, and that he is now on his way to Washington, D. C. He is no doubt a base imposter and great scoundrel, and is traveling from Lodge to Lodge asking aid as a distressed Master Mason.

The Dayton Journal publishes in a letter from a friend the following recipe for serofulin. It is the discovery of Nicholas Longworth, of Cincinnati, and has been used with success:

To one table spoonful of aquafortis, two of strong, clear vinegar is added, and two copper cents are dropped in which create a strong effervescence, and are left in till it ceases to sparkle. The preparation is twice a day applied to the sore with a soft rag.

—Gov. Powell is recommended by a correspondent of the Frankfort Yeoman as a candidate for the Presidency.

—Gardner, the Know Nothing candidate for Governor in Massachusetts, received 31,000 majority over the combined vote of his four competitors.

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The following was also passed, and we should think, would be considered wholesome.

Resolved. That it is the opinion of this Grand Lodge, that the use of Masonic emblems upon sign boards is unmasonic, and an open violation of the spirit of Freemasonry.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.

A Washington dispatch to the Herald says that the Cabinet will be reconstructed in January; that Campbell and Gilmer will go out; that John C. Breckinridge will be master General, Caleb Cushing, Secretary of the Treasury, and M. Mason, Secretary of the Navy, and that there will be entire change in the foreign appointments. Mr. Quincy goes to England.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.

—We now quote 5 to 8¢ on the range and above 12¢.

—Stocks—1000 New quotes or from \$1 to \$250.

—The Stock market is still quiet, and

the market is still quiet, and

the market is still quiet, and

the market is still quiet, and

Industry is essentially social. No man can improve either himself or his neighbor without neighborly help, and to better the world is to set the world to work together. Every useful invention has been carried out and perfected by the co-operation of many minds or by the successive applications of varied genius to the same object, age after age. The mechanic must aid the philosopher, or he must stand still in his demonstrations; and the philosopher must aid the mechanic, or he will work without wisdom. The astronomer needs the telescope, and the chemist his material and apparatus. The sciences hang on the arts, and the arts on sciences. But without the philosopher, man would look off the earth, and industry would die a natural death, and live no more; for religion alone is the living spirit of human society.

—The Maine Law advocates of Fayette county have appointed delegates to their ice-water convention, to be held in Frankfort in December, Gen. Leslie Combs, the veritable Pontiac, presided. We suppose the General has had his share of liquor, and is disposed to quit. Well, he has a right to do so, and we rather suppose it is about time he was doing so.—Courses

—The Utica Telegraph, of a recent date, contains the following brief but ominous paragraph: **Ha! ha! ha! It's a girl.**

—Look not mournfully late the past, it cannot return; wisely improve the present, it is thine; go forth to meet the shadowy future without fear, and with a manly heart.

—The Utica Telegraph, of a recent date, contains the following brief but ominous paragraph: **Ha! ha! It's a girl.**

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SOOT FARM for SALE.

—AVING determined to move west, I affix my name to a tract of land, lying immediately to the west of North Elkton, 8 miles west of Georgetown, 21 miles from the Chestnut Creek fort, opposite, half mile from the Georgetown and Stonington Turnpike, and adjoining Richard's town, Leonidas Johnson, Esq., Parish, (the late residence of Major B. W. Branson), and the noted Blue Spring farm.

Sold farm containing

—**28 ACRES,** and in a fine state of cultivation. About one-half a pasturable hemp field, the balance good grain and grass land. One hundred acres annually cultivated, as any land in Kentucky, black walnut, white oak, hickory, locust and sugar tree. There are several never failing springs, one of which is a fine drinking water, there are approximately ten families.

Two large **APPLE ORCHARDS**, and other fruit trees.

A roomy and comfortable dwelling, stone negro houses, two large hemp houses, large barn, shedded on three sides, a fine road entrance, studded along large straight roads, carriage house, &c. &c. Saw and Grist mills convenient.

objection!

A. I think I did—the words ‘so help me God’ were a part of it.

Q. Are there different degrees in their society?

A. There are.

Q. How many?

A. Two.

Q. Have you seen John A. Gardner taking part in any meeting?

A. I have.

Q. What part was he taking? Was he an officer?

A. It was in a town meeting where I saw him.

Q. Why do you answer in that manner? When I said meeting, did you suppose I meant town meeting?

A. I did not know but that you did.

Q. Have you seen Gardner taking part in such a meeting of a society such as I have described to you; and, if so, what part?

A. I do not know what part.

Q. Has your society a password?

A. It has.

Q. Has it a grip or token by which you gain admission?

A. It has; but I will not disclose it.

Q. What did you mean when you testified that you did not belong to any such society or that called ‘Know-Nothings’?

A. I said I did not belong to the ‘Know-Nothings’.

Q. What did you mean when you said that you did not belong to any secret society opposed to all when you now admit that you do, and take an oath to keep it secret?

A. I think it is not much of a secret society when all the doings get into the newspapers.

Q. Is that all your answer?

A. It is.

The witness was then examined on other parts of the case, and

A. M. Gage was then recalled, and testified that he was a member of the order of ‘Know-Nothings’ had joined them about three months ago; had nothing to do with them since that he believed that the oath taken from the Pennsylvania and republished in the Boston Post, as read to him, was about the obligation, in substance, that he had taken, but could not exactly remember; that since he joined, he had not taken much notice about it.

Norman Smith was then called by the government, and on cross examination he testified, among other things, as follows:

Q. Are you a member of a secret society opposed to aliens?

A. I am a member of such a society for political purposes.

Q. Is it not opposed to aliens in a social point of view?

A. Perhaps it is.

Q. Does it not also exert a religious influence?

A. Some think it does.

Q. Did you not take an obligation in the nature of an oath when you joined the society?

A. I do not know what its nature is—I call it a promise.

Q. Did you not call on God to witness the promises?

A. I don’t remember whether I did or not.

Q. Are you an officer in that society?

A. I can answer, as it might criminate me.

Q. Were you not the founder of the society in Groton?

A. I was not.

Q. Were you not instrumental in getting it up?

A. I do not know but that I was. I can’t answer, as it might criminate me.

Q. Are not the members of this society sworn in all things to obey the will of the majority lawfully expressed as against aliens, either religiously, sonically, or politically? Is not this a part of the oath or obligation, in substance, which you have taken?

A. I can’t remember.

Q. How do you know how to observe your promise or oath, if you have forgotten what the substance of it is?

A. I cannot answer, as it may criminate me.

Q. What are the qualifications of membership in your society. Can an alien belong to it?

A. No.

Q. Can a Roman Catholic?

A. Not if he is a foreigner.

Q. Can his relatives be Catholics—if his wife is a Catholic, although he may be a Protestant?

A. No.

Q. What is the object of this society?

A. (With great emphasis.) To preserve our liberties, sir.

Q. Then, you think “our liberties” in danger, do you from whom?

A. From foreigners.

Q. Then, you are prejudiced against aliens like my client who are going to take away your liberty?

A. No, I have no prejudices against them.

Q. Well, then doctor, if you have no prejudices against foreigners, tell me what questions are asked the candidates for admission to your lodge?

A. I cannot tell.

Q. What is the character of the obligation you took when you joined?

A. I cannot tell.

Q. Why not?

A. I have bound myself not to.

Q. But you have sworn here to tell the truth, and the whole truth, and you must answer in spite of the reason you have just stated.

A. I shall not tell unless I am obliged to.

Q. You must answer, unless it will criminate you.

A. It might criminate me.

Q. How can it criminate you if, as you say, you have taken no unlawful oath and the object of your society is not life-golf?

A. It may criminate me; the lawyers well know how; I do not know but that it will.

The Court. You must testify, in order to excuse yourself from answering, that you believe a transgressor will expose you to criminal punishment; if so, you need not answer.

Q. Do you so believe?

A. It might; and I do so believe.

Q. What office do you hold in the lodge?

A. I cannot answer as it might criminate me.

Q. Will the answer criminate you?

A. It might.

Q. You must answer on your oath that you believe that it will criminate you to expose the question, in order to excuse yourself from answering. Do you so believe?

A. I do.

Counsel. That is all, step down air. If the initiation is so bad, what must the third degree be?

After examination of testimony for the defense the case was given to the jury, who found the prisoner guilty of an assault with intent; and exceptions being taken in matter of law to the ruling of the court, the case is removed to the supreme court.

Charles R. Trean, district attorney, for government; Bonj. F. Butler and Daniel Needham, Esqrs., for defense.

Gentlemen of the jury,” said a western lawyer, “I don’t mean to insinuate that this is a conscientious person, but I will bet five to ten, that if you should bait a trap with a new threepenny piece, and place it within six inches of his mouth you will catch his soul.”

Bennett’s Imperial Tonic.

A positive and certain cure for Chills and Fever, and is warranted to contain no galina.

It is a vegetable compound, infallible in its action, and it is surpassed by no other tonic in use.

Price 50 cents per bottle.

Bennett’s Indian Cough Balsam.

A highly valuable remedy for Coughs,

Cold, Rheumatism, Spitting of Blood, Incipient

Consumption, and all Pulmonary Diseases.

The uniform success which attended the use of this article, entitles it to the confidence of every person.

Price 50 cents per bottle.

Bennett’s Root and Plant Pills.

One of the safest, and most efficient veget-

atives in the world. Their operation is remarkable for certainty, pleasantness, and ease.

For bilious habits, disordered stomachs,

and recent attacks of disease, they are not ex-

ceeded by any other. Try a box of these pills, and you will never afterwards prefer them to all others.

Price 25 cents.

Bennett’s Stantonian Woven Lozenges.

The greatest medicine for worms of the pre-

ssage age. They expel worms with unerring

certainty, are entirely safe and so pleasant to the taste that children take them as readily as they eat candies and sweetmeats.—They are superior to any Varmiluge or other worm medicine in use.

Price 25 cents per box.

Bennett’s ORNAMENTAL TREES

and Shrubs.

of their own growing—embracing every thing

found in the best nurseries in the Union—which they will sell on any good terms as such articles can be had in the U. States.

Among their stock are the following—

Apple trees, 6 to 10 feet high fine shape,

at 15 to 20 cts.

Pears (standard), 5 to 7 ft. high, at 50 cts.

Cherries, do. 6 to 8 " 37

kinds, at 30 to 40 cts.

Plums, kinds, at 50 cts.

Apricots, 4 to 6 ft. high, fine, 40 cts.

Peach trees, 3 to 8 ft. high, 70

kinds, at 15 to 25 cts.

Dwarf apples, 2 to 5 ft. high, 25 to 50 cts.

Dwarf pears, 3 to 6 ft. high,

very fine, .40 to .90

Dwarf Cherries, 4 to 8 ft. high,

very fine, at 40 to 60 cts.

Evergreens of all sorts, at 25 to 40 cts each.

Those darling catalogues with prices are referred to Dr. Howard Smith, Esq., or to Mr. S. Elgin, of Georgetown, who will receive and forward all orders to us. Address

HOBBS & WALKER,

Williamson, P. O., Jefferson co., Ky.

Nov. 9, 1854-35-41.

LEXINGTON & GEORGETOWN.

ACCOMMODATION LINE.

The undersigned would respectfully

inform his friends and the public that he is now running his own and commanding

GEORGE E. TRIMBLE.

Aug. 31, 1854-25-6.

WHAT’S IN A NAME?

SAM. KEENE is putting forth his Tobacco,

Smoked with high sounding names,—done up in sugar and labeled in gold.

Gentlemen, we have just received sever-

al varieties of the weed which we could very ap-

propriately call the “Eliza Kigan,” the “Sam Holley,” the “Lewis Tilford,” having

been tested and approved by those gentleman

of acknowledged taste, and refined sensibili-

ties. As we think however, there is but little

in a name, we offer it upon its own

true merits.

T. S. BARKLEY & CO.

Nov. 9, 1854-35-11.

CONFECTORY

ESTABLISHMENT!

THE advertiser would respect-

fully inform the citizens of Geor-

getown and Scott county

that he is just receiving a large and well selected

stock of Confectionery, &c., consisting in

part of Candies,

Cordials,

Nuts,

Tobacco,

Ketchup,

Toys all sorts,

Fancy Boxes, Savadice,

Fresh Peaches,

and so forth, every thing of fine line which may be called for, of the most choice character.

He is constantly manufacturing

Candies and Cakes of every description

and is prepared to furnish Parties, Families or Weddings with every thing in line, at short notice and upon reasonable terms.

OYSTERS ARE RECEIVED DAILY!